#### AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

For the year ended June 30, 2022

Prepared by:

#### WHITE & ASSOCIATES, PSC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 1407 Lexington Road Richmond, Kentucky 40475 Phone (859) 624-3926 Fax (859) 625-0227

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the Paris Independent School District Paris, Kentucky

And the State Committee for School District Audits

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Paris Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Paris Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Paris Independent School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Paris Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Change in Account Principle

As described in Note 1, New Accounting Pronouncements, to the financial statements, in fiscal year ending 2022, the Paris Independent School District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB No. 87, Leases. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Paris

Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Paris Independent School District's
  internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the
  aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Paris Independent School District's
  ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liability and Schedule of Contributions for CERS and TRS and Medical and Life and Health Insurance Plans comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the

basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Paris Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2022, on our consideration of the Paris Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Paris Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Paris Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

#### White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, Kentucky November 15, 2022

## PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT - PARIS, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) Year ended June 30, 2022

As management of the Paris Independent School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning balance for the General Fund was \$649,580, the ending fund balance was \$363,993.
- The district constructs and renovates facilities with a long-range facilities plan that is established with community input and in keeping with Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) stringent compliance regulations.
- The District continues to have strong financial position.
- The General Fund had \$7.14 million in revenue, including on behalf payments made by the state, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), property, utility, and motor vehicle taxes. There were \$7.43 million in General Fund expenditures.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements -** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to private sector businesses.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and

## PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT - PARIS, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) Year ended June 30, 2022

maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found in the table of contents of this report.

Fund financial statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary fund is food service operations. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found in the table of contents of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements -** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Paris Independent Schools, assets were less than liabilities by \$2.47 million for Governmental Activities. Assets exceeded liabilities \$7,391 for Business Type Activities as of June 30, 2022. The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

#### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT - PARIS, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) Year ended June 30, 2022

The 2022 government-wide net position compared to 2021 is as follows:

## Table 1 Net Position \$ (in Millions)

	G	Sovernmental Activities Business-type Activities								Tota	otals			
		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>		
Current assets	\$	2.79	\$	2.71	\$	0.01	\$	0.11	\$	2.80	\$	2.82		
Non-current assets		9.91		10.06		0.01		-		9.92		10.06		
Total assets		12.70		12.77		0.02		0.11		12.72		12.88		
Deferred outflows		1.27		1.54		0.04		0.03		1.31		1.57		
Current liabilities		0.62		0.70				-		0.62		0.70		
Non-current liabilities		15.54		14.31		0.15		0.11		15.69		14.42		
Total liabilities		16.16		15.01		0.15		0.11		16.31		15.12		
Deferred inflows		0.92		1.78		0.01		0.03		0.93		1.81		
Net position:														
Invested in capital assets, net of debt		(0.47)		0.13		0.01		0.01		(0.46)		0.14		
Restricted		1.80		1.96		-		-		1.80		1.96		
Unrestricted (deficit)		(4.44)		(4.57)		(0.11)		-		(4.55)		(4.57)		
Total net position	\$	(3.11)	\$	(2.48)	\$	(0.10)	\$	0.01	\$	(3.21)	\$	(2.47)		

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

Ending net position was (\$2.47) million for the District. This was an increase of \$738,923 from last year.

See schedule on the next page

## PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT - PARIS, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) Year ended June 30, 2022

### Table 2 Changes in Net Position (in millions)

										To	tal		Total Percentage
											ŭ		
	_	overnmer	ntal A			usiness-Ty				School	Change		
	2	<u> 2021</u>		2022	<u>2021</u> <u>2022</u>					<u> 2021</u>	2	<u> 2022</u>	<u>2021-2022</u>
Revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	0.17	\$	0.28	\$	-	\$	0.02	\$	0.17	\$	0.30	76%
Operating grants and contributions		3.92		6.01		0.42		0.61		4.34		6.62	53%
Capital grants and contributions		0.60		0.77		-		-		0.60		0.77	28%
General revenues		5.16		5.51		-		-		5.16		5.51	7%
Total revenue		9.85		12.57		0.42		0.63		10.27		13.20	29%
						****							
Expenses:													
Instruction	\$	5.54	\$	7.48	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5.54	\$	7.48	35%
Student		0.33		0.44		-		-		0.33		0.44	33%
Instructional staff		0.34		0.39		-		-		0.34		0.39	15%
District administration		0.58		0.42		-		-		0.58		0.42	-28%
School administration		0.75		0.81		-		-		0.75		0.81	8%
Business		0.51		0.57		-		-		0.51		0.57	12%
Plant operation & maintenance		0.72		0.92		-		-		0.72		0.92	28%
Student transportation		0.16		0.25		-		-		0.16		0.25	56%
Community services operations		0.11		0.12		-		-		0.11		0.12	9%
Food Service Operations		-		-		0.43		0.52		0.43		0.52	21%
Depreciation/Amortization		0.19		0.20		-		-		0.19		0.20	100%
Interest on long-term debt		0.34		0.35		-		-		0.34		0.35	3%
Total Expenses	\$	9.57	\$	11.95	\$	0.43	\$	0.52	\$	10.00	\$	12.47	25%
Change in net position	\$	0.28	\$	0.62	\$	(0.01)	\$	0.11	\$	0.27	\$	0.73	170%

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the District had \$10.06 million invested in capital assets, including land, buildings, buses, computers and other equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions construction in progress) of \$0.14 million.

See schedule on the next page

#### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT - PARIS, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) Year ended June 30, 2022

#### Capital Assets at Year-End \$ (Net of Depreciation, in Millions)

	Governmental Activities					siness-typ	e Ac	tivities	Totals					
	2	021	2022		2021			2022		2021		2022		
Land	\$	0.35	\$	0.35	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0.35	\$	0.35		
Buildings		9.31		9.48		-		-		9.31		9.48		
Technology Equipment		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Vehicles		0.08		0.09		-		-		0.08		0.09		
General Equipment		0.06		0.05		0.01		-		0.07		0.05		
Construction in Progress		0.11		0.09		-		-		0.11		0.09		
Totals	\$	9.91	\$	10.06	\$	0.01	\$	-	\$	9.92	\$	10.06		

#### **DEBT**

The following describes our outstanding obligation for the fiscal year 2022.

# Table 4 Outstanding Debt at Year-End (in Millions)

	Government Activitie							
	2021	2022						
General Obligation Bonds Finance Purchase Obligations	\$10.28 0.10	\$9.86 0.07						
Total Obligations	\$10.38	\$9.93						

## PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT - PARIS, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) Year ended June 30, 2022

#### THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its General Fund reflected a fund balance of \$363,993, which is a Decrease of \$285,587 from the prior year. The unassigned portion of the fund balance in fiscal year 2022 was \$363,993, compared to the \$649,592 from the preceding year. The local taxes collected in 2022 in the amount of \$2.14 million is approximately \$0.09 million less than local taxes collected in 2021. The following table presents a summary of revenue and expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 for selected funds.

REVENUE	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
	1	2	310	320	360	400	51
Local Revenue Sources	\$ 2,171,482	\$ 59,605	\$ -	\$ 433,858	\$ -	\$ 34,805	\$ 17,938
State Revenue Sources	4,824,574	429,335	61,944	139,083	-	426,139	33,725
Federal Revenue Sources	33,550	3,542,666		-	-	141,412	580,361
Other	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Transfers	111,652	13,008	1	-	16,458	223,710	-
TOTALS	\$ 7,141,258	\$ 4,044,614	\$ 61,944	\$ 572,941	\$ 16,458	\$ 826,066	\$ 632,024
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
EXPENDITURES	1	2	310	320	360	400	51
Instruction	\$ 3,882,216	\$ 3,502,394	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Student Support Services	190,770	252,566		-	-	-	-
Instructional Staff Support Services	203,863	182,905	-	-	-	-	-
District Admin Support	414,926	4,831		-	-	-	-
School Admin Support	810,266	-	1	-	-	-	-
Business Support Services	564,424	807		-	-	-	-
Plant Operation & Management	914,051	1,698	-	-	-	-	-
Student Transportation	284,468	15,082		-	-	-	-
Food Service Operations	-	-	1	-	-	-	519,489
Community Services	29,359	84,749	-	-	-	-	-
Building Impr/Site Imp/Facilities		-		-	299,992	-	-
Debt Service	119,494	-	-	-	-	666,288	-
Transfers	13,008	-	61,944	289,876	-	-	-
TOTALS	\$ 7,426,845	\$ 4,045,032	\$ 61,944	\$ 289,876	\$ 299,992	\$ 666,288	\$ 519,489
Excess / (Deficit)	(285,587)	(418)	-	283,065	(283,534)	159,778	112,535

## PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT - PARIS, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) Year ended June 30, 2022

#### COMMENTS ON BUDGET COMPARISONS

- Actual General Fund revenue was more than the budget by \$129,976. This does not include the on-behalf payments made by the state for insurances, teachers' retirement, etc. for the benefit of the district and its employees. General Fund budget compared to actual revenue varied slightly in most line items. The line item that varied most significantly was utilities tax and earnings on investments.
- Actual General Fund expenditures were more than the budget by \$273,390

#### **FUTURE BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS**

In Kentucky, the public schools' fiscal year is July I - June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District's overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for 2020-2021 with a 12% contingency as calculated by the Kentucky Department of Education. Significant Board action that impacts the finances continued funding of Board initiatives such as Study Island and MAP testing.

Issues which will impact future budgets include:

- Increased staffing and expenses to meet federal and state academic mandates
- Declining federal funds and federal funding not maintaining the pace of mandated pay increases
- The need of improving programming and meeting the academic audit recommendations and ESSA requirements.
- Insufficient funding of the state transportation formula
- Effects of COVID-19

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Contact Mirabeth Muth at 859-987-2160 or by mail at Paris Independent Board of Education, 310 West 7<sup>th</sup> Street, Paris, KY 40361.

#### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT **Statement of Net Position**

June 30, 2022

	. <u>-</u>		Pri	imary Governmen	t	
	-	Governmental Activities	_	Business- type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,901,046	\$	105,864	\$	2,006,910
Receivables (net)		815,849				815,849
Inventories		407.040		1,449		1,449
Land and construction in progress		437,643		4.400		437,643
Other capital assets, net of depreciation  Total capital assets	-	9,618,858 10,056,501	_	4,183 4,183		9,623,041 10,060,684
Total assets  Total assets	-	12,773,396	_	111,496		12,884,892
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions		567,782		17,772		585,554
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		969,450		13,174		982,624
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	1,537,232	_	30,946		1,568,178
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	=	14,310,628	=	142,442	_	14,453,070
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		46,173		129		46,302
Accrued interest payable		111,079				111,079
Unearned revenue		74,495				74,495
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within 1 year:						445.000
Bond obligations		445,000				445,000
Finance purchase obligations	-	20,593	_			20,593
Total due within 1 year  Due in more than 1 year:	-	465,593	-	<del>-</del>		465,593
Bond obligations		9,409,529				9,409,529
Finance purchase obligations		51,872				51,872
Sick leave		320,077				320,077
Net pension liability		2,605,954		81,567		2,687,521
Net OPEB liability		1,925,302		24,486		1,949,788
Total due in more than 1 year	-	14,312,734	-	106,053		14,418,787
Total liabilities	-	15,010,074	_	106,182		15,116,256
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to pensions		493,394		15,443		508,837
Deferred inflows related to OPEB  Total deferred inflows of resources	-	1,285,927 1,779,321	_	13,426 28,869		1,299,353 1,808,190
	-	1,779,321	-	20,009	_	1,000,190
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in capital assets		129,507		4,183		133,690
Restricted for:		454.044				454.044
Scholarships Capital projects		151,944				151,944
Capital projects		306,706 1,422,550				306,706
Debt service School activities		1,422,550				1,422,550 82,499
School food services		02,499		3,208		3,208
Unrestricted (deficit)		(4,571,973)		3,200		(4,571,973)
Total net position (deficit)	-	(2,478,767)	-	7,391		(2,471,376)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	14,310,628	\$_	142,442	\$	14,453,070

#### Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2022

Program Revenues

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

							_		Pri	mary Government		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	-	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	=	Governmental Activities	_	Business- type Activities		Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:												
Governmental activities:												
Instruction	\$	7,491,459	\$	3,575	\$ 4,043,778	\$ -	\$	(3,444,106)	\$	- \$	5	(3,444,106)
Support services												
Student		443,336		280,449	222,934			60,047				60,047
Instructional staff		386,768			194,489			(192,279)				(192,279)
District administration		419,757			211,078			(208,679)				(208,679)
School administration		810,266			407,448			(402,818)				(402,818)
Business		565,231			284,230			(281,001)				(281,001)
Plant operation & maintenance		915,749			460,491	201,027		(254,231)				(254,231)
Student transportation		251,048			126,241			(124,807)				(124,807)
Community services operations		114,108			57,380			(56,728)				(56,728)
Interest on general long-term debt		345,627				567,551		221,924				221,924
Depreciation*		204,525						(204,525)				(204,525)
Total governmental activities	<u> </u>	11,947,874	=	284,024	6,008,069	768,578	_	(4,887,203)				(4,887,203)
Business-type activities:												
Food service operations		515,904		17,938	614,086					116,120		116,120
Depreciation*		3,585	_				_		_	(3,585)		(3,585)
Total business-type activities		519,489	-	17,938	614,086		=		_	112,535		112,535
Total primary government	\$	12,467,363	\$_	301,962	\$ 6,622,155	\$ 768,578	-	(4,887,203)	_	112,535		(4,774,668)
	General revenues	::										
	Taxes:							4 070 000				4 0=0 000
	Property ta							1,979,322				1,979,322
	Motor vehi							195,087				195,087
	Uitility taxe							393,411				393,411
	State and form							2,822,056				2,822,056
	Other local rev							73,361				73,361
		vestment earni	•				_	50,354	_			50,354
	Total g	eneral revenues	3				-	5,513,591	_	<del>-</del>		5,513,591
	Change in net pos	sition						626,388		112,535		738,923
	Net position - beg	inning					-	(3,105,155)	=	(105,144)	_	(3,210,299)
	Net position - end	ing					\$	(2,478,767)	\$ _	7,391 \$	;	(2,471,376)

<sup>\*</sup>Unallocated depreciation that excludes depreciation which is included in the direct expenses of various programs, if any.

#### **Balance Sheet**

#### **Governmental Funds**

June 30, 2022

#### **Governmental Funds**

	_	General		Special Revenue	 FSPK	_	Debt Service	_	Other Governmental Funds	 Total
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	89,291	\$	-	\$ 283,065	\$	1,422,550	\$	106,140	\$ 1,901,046
Receivables										
Interfund		221,676								221,676
Taxes		72,668								72,668
Accounts		4,968		6,259						11,227
Intergovernmental-federal				463,419						463,419
Total assets	_	388,603	_	469,678	 283,065	=	1,422,550	_	106,140	2,670,036
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable		24,610		21,563						46,173
Interfund payable				221,676						221,676
Unearned revenue				74,495						74,495
Total liabilities	_	24,610	_	317,734	 -	_	-	_	-	342,344
FUND BALANCE										
Restricted				151,944	283,065		1,422,550		106,140	1,963,699
Unassigned		363,993		•	•		. ,		,	363,993
Total fund balance		363,993	_	151,944	 283,065	_	1,422,550	_	106,140	2,327,692
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ _	388,603	\$	469,678	\$ 283,065	\$ =	1,422,550	\$ _	106,140	\$ 2,670,036

### Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 2,327,692
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	10,056,501
Delinqent property taxes are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	268,535
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, accrued interest payable, other accounts payable, and net pension obligations) are not due and payble in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Accrued interest payable  Bonds payable  Finance purchase obligations  Sick leave liability  Net pension liability  Net OPEB liability	(111,079) (9,854,529) (72,465) (320,077) (2,605,954) (1,925,302)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds  Deferred outflows related to pensions  Deferred outflows related to OPEB  Deferred inflows related to pensions  Deferred inflows related to OPEB	567,782 969,450 (493,394) (1,285,927)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (2,478,767)

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2022

#### **Governmental Funds**

		General		Special Revenue		FSPK			Debt Service		Other Governmental Funds		Total
REVENUES	_	General	•	Revenue		1011		_	Oci vice	-	1 unus		Total
From local sources													
Taxes													
Property	\$	1,550,104	\$	_	\$	433	.858	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,983,962
Motor vehicle	Ψ	195,087	*		_		,000	Ψ		Ψ.		*	195,087
Utilities		393,411											393,411
Earnings on investments		13,956		1,593					34,805				50,354
Tuition		3,575		.,000					0.,000				3,575
Student activities		-,									280,449		280.449
Other local revenue		15,349		58,012							200,		73,361
Intergovernmental - state		4,824,574		429,335		139	.083		426.139		61,944		5,881,075
Intergovernmental - federal		33,550		3,542,666			,000		141,412		0.,0		3,717,628
Total revenues	_	7,029,606		4,031,606		572	,941	· <u> </u>	602,356	_	342,393	_	12,578,902
EXPENDITURES													
Instruction		3,882,216		3,502,394							279,140		7.663.750
Support services		3,002,210		3,302,394							279,140		7,003,730
Student		190,770		252,566									443,336
Instructional staff		203.863		182,905									386.768
District administration		414,926		4,831									419.757
School administration		810,266		4,031									810,266
Business		564,424		807									565,231
Plant operation & maintenance		914,051		1,698									915,749
·		284,468		15,082									299,550
Student transportation		,											,
Community services operations		29,359		84,749							1,240		114,108 1,240
Site improvements											,		1,240 298,752
Building improvements		110 101							666 000		298,752		,
Debt service	_	119,494		4.045.000				_	666,288	_	F70 400	_	785,782
Total expenditures	_	7,413,837		4,045,032			-	_	666,288	-	579,132	_	12,704,289
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(384,231)		(13,426)		572	,941		(63,932)		(236,739)		(125,387)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Operating transfers in		111,652		13,008					223,710		16,458		364,828
Operating transfers (out)		(13,008)			_	(289	,876)			_	(61,944)		(364,828)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	98,644		13,008		(289	,876)	_	223,710	_	(45,486)	_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(285,587)		(418)		283	,065		159,778		(282,225)		(125,387)
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING		649,592		152,350			-		1,262,772		388,365		2,453,079
Prior period adjustment		(12)		12									-
RESTATED FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	649,580		152,362			-	_	1,262,772	_	388,365	_	2,453,079
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$	363,993	\$	151,944	\$	283	,065	\$_	1,422,550	\$ _	106,140	\$	2,327,692

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

### Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ (125,387)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
District pension contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	119,090
Governmental funds report district OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee	
contributions is reported as pension expense.  District OPEB contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	123,798
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays	
exceeds depreciation expense for the year.	143,969
Bond discounts/premiums on the sale of bonds are capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds on the statement of activities.	(4,949)
The sale/payments of bond and finance purchase payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	459,228
Delinqent property taxes are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	(4,640)
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	
Accrued interest payable  Noncurrent sick leave payable	 (14,124) (70,597)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 626,388

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year ended June 30, 2022

Variance

	_	Budget	ed Am	nounts		with Final Budget	
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES							
From local sources							
Taxes							
Property	\$	1,533,970	\$	1,472,848	\$	1,550,104	\$ 77,256
Motor vehicle		170,000		170,000		195,087	25,087
Utilities		370,000		370,000		393,411	23,411
Earnings on investments		12,000		12,000		13,956	1,956
Tuition		6,000		6,000		3,575	(2,425)
Other local revenue		22,100		22,150		15,349	(6,801)
Intergovernmental - state		2,774,484		2,835,556	*	2,833,498	(2,058)
Intergovernmental - federal		20,000		20,000		33,550	13,550
Total revenues	_	4,908,554		4,908,554	_	5,038,530	129,976
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction		2,571,142		2,571,142	*	2,589,187	(18,045)
Support services							, ,
Student		91,910		91,910	*	102,876	(10,966)
Instructional staff		180,631		180,631	*	182,586	(1,955)
District administration		250,288		250,288	*	234,632	15,656
School administration		496,102		496,102	*	569,589	(73,487)
Business		419,601		419,601	*	492,412	(72,811)
Plant operation & maintenance		761,442		761,442	*	865,473	(104,031)
Student transportation		208,705		208,705	*	258,819	(50,114)
Community services		10,000		10,000	*	7,693	2,307
Debt service		156,931		159,550		119,494	40,056
Total expenditures	_	5,146,752		5,149,371	_	5,422,761	(273,390)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(238,198)		(240,817)		(384,231)	(143,414)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers in		109,033		111,652		111,652	-
Operating transfers (out)		(12,600)		(12,600)		(13,008)	(408)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	96,433		99,052	_	98,644	(408)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(141,765)		(141,765)		(285,587)	(143,822)
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	649,592		649,592	_	649,580	(12)
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ _	507,827	\$	507,827	\$	363,993	\$ (143,834)

<sup>\*</sup> The on-behalf payments (please see the accompanying notes to the financial statements) were not budgeted, therefore, to better compare the actual to the budgeted amounts these amounts were deducted from both revenue and expenditures in the amount of \$1,991,076.

#### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund

Year ended June 30, 2022

		,						
	_	Budget Original	ted /	Amounts Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
	_	Original		1 IIIai	-	Actual	(Olliavolable)	
REVENUES								
From local sources								
Earnings on investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,593	\$ 1,593	
Other local revenue	•	70,000	·	60,495		58,012	(2,483)	
Intergovernmental - state		450,307		451,055		429,335	(21,720)	
Intergovernmental - federal		662,821		1,053,144		3,542,666	2,489,522	
Total revenues	_	1,183,128		1,564,694		4,031,606	2,466,912	
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction		808,584		1,090,469		3,502,394	(2,411,925)	
Support services		000,004		1,000,400		0,002,004	(2,411,020)	
Student		187,814		198,514		252,566	(54,052)	
Instructional staff		76,339		163,649		182,905	(19,256)	
District administration		15,976		15,976		4,831	11,145	
Business		,		1,616		807	809	
Plant operation and maintenance				-		1,698	(1,698)	
Student transportation		16,675		16,730		15,082	1,648	
Community services operations		90,340		90,352		84,749	5,603	
Total expenditures	_	1,195,728		1,577,306		4,045,032	(2,467,726)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(12,600)		(12,612)		(13,426)	(814)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in		12,600		12,600		13,008	408	
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	12,600		12,600		13,008	408	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(12)		(418)	(406)	
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_				-	152,362	152,362	
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ _	-	\$	(12)	\$	151,944	\$ 151,956	
	_				-			

#### Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2022

School

June 30, 2022		Food Services
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	105,864
Inventories		1,449
Capital assets:		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		4,183
Total assets		111,496
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		17,772
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		13,174
Total deferred outflows of resources		30,946
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	142,442
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		129
Net pension liability		81,567
Net OPEB liability		24,486
Total liabilities		106,182
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pensions		15,443
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		13,426
Total deferred inflows of resources		28,869
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		135,051
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in capital assets		4,183
Restricted		3,208
Total net position		7,391
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	142,442

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2022

	 School Food Services
OPERATING REVENUES	
Lunchroom sales	\$ 17,938
Total operating revenues	17,938
OPERATING EXPENSES Depreciation	3,585
Food service operations	3,303
Salaries and benefits	220,741
Operational	295,163
Total operating expenses	 519,489
Operating income (loss)	(501,551)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Federal grants	580,361
State grants	33,725
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 614,086
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	112,535
NET POSITION-BEGINNING (DEFICIT)	 (105,144)
NET POSITION-ENDING (DEFICIT)	\$ 7,391

### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2022

real ended dulle 30, 2022		School Food Services		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers	\$	17,938		
Payments to suppliers		(311,398)		
Payments to employees		(220,741)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(514,201)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Operating grants and contributions		614,086		
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		614,086		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		99,885		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-BEGINNING		5,979		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-ENDING	\$	105,864		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used)				
by operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(501,551)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation		3,585		
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Outflow Deferrals		5,411		
Inventory		945		
Payables		20		
Inflow Deferrals		17,376		
Pensions		(29,512)		
OPEB Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u></u>	(10,475) (514,201)		
iver cash provided (used) by operating activities	Ψ	(314,201)		

#### **NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

During the year, the district received \$16,708 of food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

During the year, the district recognized revenues and expenses for on-behalf payments relating to fringe benefits in the amount of \$29,730 for school food services which is by state government.

### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2022

#### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Reporting Entity

The Paris Independent Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Paris Independent Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from Local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100-Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operation of the Paris Independent Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the District itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

#### Blended Component Unit

Paris Independent Board of Education Finance Corporation

The Board authorized establishment of the Paris Independent Board of Education Finance Corporation a non-stock, non-profit corporation pursuant to Section 162.385 of the School Bond Act and Chapter 273 and Section 58.180 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (the "Corporation") to act as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be the same persons who are at any time the members of the Board of Education of the Paris Independent Board of Education.

#### Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

#### I. Governmental Fund Types

#### (A) General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is always a major fund of the District.

#### (B) Special Revenue (Grant) Fund

The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust funds or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

#### (C) Special Revenue (Student Activity) Fund

Special Revenue (Student Activity) Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts.

#### (D) Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).

#### SEEK Capital Outlay Fund

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects as identified in the District's facility plan.

#### Building (FSPK) Fund

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy that is required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan. This is a major fund of the district.

#### Construction Fund

The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sale of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and/or remodeling.

#### (E) Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund of the District.

#### II. Proprietary Funds (Enterprise Funds)

#### Food Service Fund

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund of the District.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds.

#### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis, On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

#### Inventories

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as inventory. All purchased

inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA.

#### Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2022 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

#### Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the government funds. These assets are reported in the government activities column of the government-wide financial Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant and equipment of the district are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<b>Estimated Lives</b>
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Other	10 years

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgment, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension and OPEB contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end

are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

#### Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of the accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

#### **Fund Balances**

Fund balance is divided into five categories as defined by GASB 54 as follows:

Nonspendable: Permanently nonspendable by decree of the donor, such as an endowment, or funds that

are not in a spendable form, such as prepaid expenses or inventory on hand.

Restricted: Legally restricted under legislation, bond authority, or grantor contract.

Committed: Commitments of future funds for specific purposes passed by the Board.

Assigned: Funds that are intended by management to be used for a specific purpose, including

encumbrances.

Unassigned: Funds available for any purpose; unassigned amounts are reported only in the General

Fund unless a fund has a deficit.

The Board has adopted a GASB 54 spending policy which states that the spending order of funds is to first use restricted, committed, and assigned resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

#### **Net Position**

The Statement of Net Position presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as Net Position. Net Position is reported in three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets – consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets; 2) restricted net position – resulting from constraints placed on net position by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the School District; 3) unrestricted net position – those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net position or net investment in capital assets. It is the District's policy to first apply restricted net position and then unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the

taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited in the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2022, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.745 per \$100 valuation of real property, \$.784 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.553 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

#### Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Non-operating revenues are not generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District those revenues come in the form of grants (federal and state), donated commodities, and earnings from investments.

#### In-Kind

Local contributions, which include contributed services provided by individuals, private organizations and local governments, are used to match federal and state administered funding on various grants. The amounts of such services and donated commodities are recorded in the accompanying financial statements at their estimated fair market values.

#### Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

#### Inter-fund Receivables/Payables

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the appropriate period. The District reports three types of deferred outflows – contributions to the CERS's pension and OPEB plans after the measurement period and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until the appropriate period. The District reports two types of deferred inflows related to the net difference projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Postemployment Benefits Other Than OPEBs (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), and the County Retirement System of Kentucky (CERS), and additions to/deductions from TRS's/CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS/CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

#### Bond and Related Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when bonds are issued.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Budgetary Process**

The District prepares its budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis as used prepare the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds.

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Per Board policy, all amendments require Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law. Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end. The Kentucky Department of Education does not require the Capital Project Funds and Debt Service Funds to prepare budgets.

The District's General Fund expenditures exceeded its budget appropriations by \$273,390 and Special Revenue Fund by \$2,467,726.

#### New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 87-In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases; enhancing the comparability of financial statements between governments; and also enhancing the relevance, reliability (representational faithfulness), and consistency of information about the leasing activities of the governments. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 89-In June, 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting For Interest Cost Incurred Before The End Of A Construction Period. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB Statement No. 91-In May, 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The objectives of this statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by users, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 92-In January, 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and

application of certain GASB Statements. The Statement is effective on various dates, but no later than reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 98-In October, 2021, the GASB issued Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. This Statement establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2021.

There is no effect on current year financial statements for newly adopted accounting pronouncements.

#### Effective in Future Years:

The District is currently evaluating the potential impact of the following issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards.

GASB Statement No. 94-In March, 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 96-In May, 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-based information Technology Arrangements. The objective of this Statement is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government and users (governments). The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 99-In April, 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus* 2022. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The Statement is effective on various dates, but no later than reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

The impact of these pronouncements on the District's financial statement has not been determined.

#### NOTE B – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240(4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

At year end the District's bank balances were collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name and FDIC insurance. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$2,006,910. The bank balance for the same time was \$2,296,139.

The district's special revenue fund has a scholarship grant in the amount of \$154,051, consisting of Nellie Evans Money Market Funds, donated to the district.

Due to the nature of the accounts and certain limitations imposed on the use of funds, each bank account within the following funds is considered to be restricted: SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, Facility Support Program (FSPK/Building) Fund, special Revenue (Grant Fund), Debt Service Fund, School Construction Fund, School Food Service Fund, and School Activity Fund.

#### **NOTE C – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

<b>Governmental Activities</b>		July 1, 2021		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2022
Land	\$	351,553	\$	-	\$	-	\$	351,553
Land improvements		1,417,737		-		-		1,417,737
Buildings		17,110,538		322,805		-		17,433,343
Technology equipment		895,540		-		-		895,540
Vehicles		640,612		48,502		-		689,114
General equipment		295,108		-		-		295,108
Construction in progress	_	108,903	_	299,991	_	322,805	_	86,090
Total at historical cost	\$	20,819,992	\$ _	671,298	\$ _	322,805	\$	21,168,485
Less: Accumulated depreciation								
Land improvements	\$	1,417,737	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,417,737
Buildings		7,800,093		150,938		-		7,951,031
Technology equipment		895,540		-		-		895,540
Vehicles		557,868		43,633		-		601,502
General equipment	_	236,222	_	9,953	_		-	246,174
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ _	10,907,460	\$ _	204,524	\$		\$	11,111,984
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets-net	\$ _	9,912,532	\$ _	466,774	\$	322,805	\$	10,056,501
Business-Type Activities		July 1, 2021		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2022
Buildings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Technology equipment		-		-		-		-
General equipment	_	98,839	_		_		_	98,839
Total at historical cost	\$_	98,839	\$	<u> </u>	\$_		\$	98,839
Less: Accumulated depreciation								
Buildings	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Technology equipment		-		-		-		-
General equipment	_	91,071	_	3,585	_			94,656
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ _	91,071	\$ _	3,585	\$ _		\$	94,656
Business-Type Activities								
Capital Assets-net	\$ _	7,768	\$ _	(3,585)	\$ _		\$	4,183

Depreciation expense was not allocated to governmental functions. It appears on the statement of activities as "unallocated".

#### NOTE D – LONG TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

#### Bonds

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as bonded debt and lease obligations represent the District's future obligations to make payments relating to the bonds issued by the Paris Independent School District Finance Corporation.

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes), Building (FSPK) Fund, and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Paris Independent School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The bonds payable are collateralized by education facilities constructed by the District with bond proceeds. Bondholders are protected against default by a mechanism whereby the Commonwealth of Kentucky would withhold state SEEK payments and remit required debt service payments directly to the debt service paying agent. All bonds are subject to federal arbitrage regulations.

The original amount of outstanding issues, the issue dates, interest rates, maturity dates, and outstanding balances, at June 30, 2022 are summarized below:

Bond Issue	Original <u>Amount</u>	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	2021 Outstanding <u>Balance</u>		Outstanding		Outstanding		<u>Ad</u>	<u>ditions</u>	Ref	tirements	0	2022 utstanding <u>Balance</u>
2021	348,000	2041	1.2% - 2.4%	\$	348,000	\$	-	\$	15,000	\$	333,000				
2010	625,000	2030	2.5%-3.8%		355,000		-		30,000		325,000				
2012 QZAB	3,260,000	2032	4.6%		3,260,000		-		-		3,260,000				
2016R	1,340,000	2027	2.0%-3.0%		740,000		-		140,000		600,000				
2016-ENERGY	3,520,000	2036	1.6%-3.0%		3,035,000		-		120,000		2,915,000				
2016	2,790,000	2036	1.5%-3.0%		2,355,000		-		115,000		2,240,000				
2018	275,000	1/0/1900	0		255,000		-		10,000		245,000				
Totals					10,348,000		-		430,000		9,918,000				
	Add:		Premium		2,041		-		510		1,531				
	Less:		Discount		(70,462)		-		(5,461)		(65,001)				
	Totals:		_	\$	10,279,579	\$	-	\$	425,050	\$	9,854,529				

The District has entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Kentucky Legislature, for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs, created the Commission. The table following sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in each issue. Assuming no issues are called prior to maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2022 for debt service, (principal and interest) are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30th	<u>1</u>	Princ Local	ipal <u>KSFCC</u>		·	Inter <u>Local</u>	nterest <u>KSFCC</u>		F	Principal <u>Total</u>		Interest <u>Total</u>	
2023	\$	157,813	\$	287,187	\$	96,549	\$	68,962	\$	445,000	\$	165,511	
2024		159,276		300,724		93,405		62,939		460,000		156,344	
2025		181,379		249,621		89,994		57,173		431,000		147,166	
2026		181,299		259,701		86,309		51,610		441,000		137,919	
2027		196,767		214,233		82,087		46,132		411,000		128,219	
2028-2032	4	4,495,637		801,363		332,531		163,462		5,297,000		495,993	
2033-2037		1,639,678		676,322		127,351		66,091		2,316,000		193,441	
2038-2041		11,482		105,518		374		5,796		117,000		6,171	
<del>-</del>	\$ 7	7,023,331	\$	2,894,669	\$	908,599	\$	522,166	\$	9,918,000	\$	1,430,765	

### Finance Purchases

The following is an analysis of the financed property under financed purchases by class:

Finance Purchases	Original <u>Amount</u>	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	2021 tstanding Balance	Add	<u>itions</u>	Re	etirements	2022 Itstanding Balance
2012	82,368	3/1/2022	2-2.65%	\$ 7,597	\$	-	\$	7,597	\$ -
2013	41,172	3/1/2023	2%	7,375		-		3,651	3,724
2014	92,003	3/1/2024	2%-3%	26,554		-		9,656	16,898
2018	86,956	3/1/2028	2%-3%	60,167		-		8,324	51,843
Totals			_	\$ 101,693	\$	-	\$	29,228	\$ 72,465

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum payments under finance purchases together with the present value of the net minimum payments as of June 30, 2022:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Inte	rest	Total		
2023	\$	20,593	\$	2,116	\$	22,709	
2024		17,426		1,556		18,982	
2025		9,075		1,033		10,108	
2026		9,365		617		9,982	
2027		7,887		480		8,367	
2028-2029		8,119		362		8,481	
	\$	72,465	\$	6,165	\$	78,630	
Total minimum payments Less: Amount representing interest				\$		,630 165)	
Present Value of N Payments	et Minir	num		\$	72	<u>,465</u>	

In order to secure the payment of all of the Board's obligations under a KISTA Lease, the Board grants to KISTA a security interest constituting a first lien on the Equipment and on all additions, attachments, accessories, and substitutions thereto, and on all proceeds therefrom. In the Event of Default, title to the Equipment shall immediately vest in KISTA, and the Board will immediately surrender possession of the

Equipment to KISTA or to KISTA's order; by the execution of this Lease the Board agrees upon demand by KISTA or the Second Trustee, and without order of court, to execute a bill of sale or such other instrument as may be required in favor of KISTA or the Second Trustee in order to permit liquidation of the equipment in an Event of Default by the Board.

### Accumulated Sick Leave Liability

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. The activity during fiscal year 2022 for accumulated sick leave is as follows:

	2021 Outstanding				2022 Outstanding
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Retire	ments	Balance
Sick Leave	\$ 249,480	\$ 70,597	\$	_	\$ 320,077

### Net Pension & OPEB Liability

The net pension liability is \$2,605,954 for governmental activities and \$81,567 for business-type activities for a total of \$2,687,521 as of June 30, 2022 (See Note E for additional information). The net OPEB liability is \$1,925,302 for governmental activities and \$24,486 for business-type activities for a total of \$1,949,788 as of June 30, 2022 (See Note F for additional information).

Description		2021 Outstanding Balance	 Additions	Retirements	_	2022 Outstanding Balance	Amount Due in One Year
Bonds, Net of Premium and Discount	\$	10,279,579	\$ -	\$ 425,050	\$	9,854,529	\$ 445,000
Finance Purchases		101,693	-	29,228		72,465	20,593
Sick Leave		249,480	70,597	-		320,077	-
Net Pension Liability		3,255,420	-	567,899		2,687,521	-
Net OPEB Liability	_	2,256,604	 -	306,816	_	1,949,788	
Totals	\$ _	16,142,776	\$ 70,597	\$ 1,328,993	\$	14,884,380	\$ 465,593

### **NOTE E – RETIREMENT PLANS**

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification.

### **Teachers Retirement System Kentucky (TRS)**

### Retirement Annuity Trust

### Plan description

Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly

and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information">http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information</a>.

### **Benefits provisions**

For Members before July 1, 2008: Members become vested when they complete five years of credited service. To qualify for monthly benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age 55 and complete 5 years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Non-university members receive monthly payments equal to 2% (service prior to July 1, 1983) and 2.5% (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. Non-university members who became members on or after July 1, 2002, will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than 10 years. New members after July 1, 2002, who retire with 10 or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first 10 years. In addition, non-university members who retire July 1, 2004, and later with more than 30 years of service will have a multiplier for all years over 30 of 3%.

The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service.

For Members On or After July 1, 2008: Members become vested when they complete five years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable of r life, members must either:

- 1. Attain age 60 and complete 5 years of Kentucky service, or
- 2. Complete 27 years of Kentucky service, or
- 3. Attain age 55 and complete 10 years of Kentucky service.

The annual retirement allowance for non-university members is equal to: (a) 1.7% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) 2% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) 2.3% of final average salary for each year of credited service is greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years; (d) 2.5% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years; (e) 3% of final average salary for years of credited service greater than 30 years.

The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is

reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

### Other Benefits

TRS provides disability benefits for vested members is equal to the greater of the service retirement allowance or 60% of the final average salary.

Cost of living increases are 1.5% annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

### **Contributions**

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855%. of their salaries to the system effective July 1, 2015. The state, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions in the amount of 13.105% of salaries for local school district employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those who joined thereafter.

For local school district employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to TRS

At June 30, 2022 the District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, pension expense, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The net pension liability that was associated with the District follows.

### TRS

State's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability associated with the District

\$ 13,267,807

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.1020%.

### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

A summary of the actuarial assumptions of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Inflation Rate

Single Equivalent Interest Rate

Municipal Bond Index Rate

June 30, 2020

Entry age

2.5%

7.10%

2.13%

Projected Salary Increase 3.0-7.5%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.10%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0 percent to 2.5 percent. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

### **Target Allocations**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

A summary of the target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, follows.

	Target Allocation		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Asset Class:				
US Equity	40	%	4.60	%
Non US Equity	22	%	5.60	%
Credit Fixed	15	%	0.00	%
Private Equity	7	%	7.70	%
Real Estate	7	%	4.30	%
Cash	2	%	-0.50	%
High Yield Non US Developed Bonds and				
Private Equity	7	%	2.50	%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) rates for all future fiscal years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table presents the net pension liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the Commonwealth's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	Current							
TRS	1% Decrease			Discount Rate	1% Increase			
		6.10%		7.10%		8.10%		
State's proportionate share								
of net pension liability	\$	17,794,087	\$	13,267,807	\$	9,319,655		

### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report which is publically available at <a href="http://www.TRS.ky.gov/">http://www.TRS.ky.gov/</a>.

### **County Employees Retirement System**

Non-Hazardous

### Plan description

Substantially all full-time classified employees of the District participate in the County Employees Retirement System ("CERS"). CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly and overseen by the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA). The plan covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of the school board. The plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement Systems Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at https://kyret.ky.gov.

### **Benefits provided**

Benefits under the plan will vary based on final compensation, years of service and other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

### **Contributions**

Funding for CERS is provided by members, who contribute 5.00% (6.00% for employees hired after September 1, 2008) of their salary through payroll deductions, and by employers of members. For the year ending June 30, 2022, employers were required to contribute 26.95% of the member's salary. During the year ending June 30, 2022, the District contributed \$429,443 to the CERS pension plan. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CERS

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 on an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The District's proportion was 0.042152%.

### **CERS**

District's proportionate share of CERS net pension liability \$ 2,687,521

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Pension Expense included in the Schedule of Pension Amounts include only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The Schedule of Pension Amounts does not include deferred outflow/inflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contribution or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The net pension liability as of June 30, 2021, is based on the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation rolled forward. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are amortized over a closed five-year period.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension revenue of \$133,491 and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows.

CERS	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	30,861	\$	26,084
Changes of assumptions		36,070		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		104,258		462,459
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		9,743		20,294
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	_	404,621	-	
	\$ _	585,554	\$ _	508,837

The \$404,621 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	_	Year Ended June 30,
Year 1	\$	(46,678)
Year 2		(88,232)
Year 3		(80,826)
Year 4	_	(112,168)
	\$ _	(327,904)

# Actuarial Methods and Assumptions for Determining the Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability

For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, was performed by Gabriel Roeder Smith (GRS). The total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information were based on an actuarial valuation date June 30, 2020. The total pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2020) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, using generally accepted accounting principles. The financial reporting actuarial valuation used the following actuarial principles.

### The actuarial assumptions are:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020

Inflation 2.30% Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

The mortality table used for active members was Pub-2010 General Mortality Table, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

### Discount rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.25% assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) over the remaining 30 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate.

### **Target Asset Allocation**

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class is summarized in the table below.

	Target Allocation		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
<b>Asset Class:</b>				
<b>US</b> Equity	15.75	<b>%</b>	4.50	%
Non US Equity	15.75	%	5.25	%
Core Bonds	20.5	%	-0.25	%
Private Equity	7	%	5.15	%
Real Estate	5	%	5.30	%
Opportunistic	3	%	2.25	%
Real Return	15	%	3.95	%
Cash	3	%	-0.75	%

### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions used to determine the Actuarial Determined Contributions

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the actuarially determined contributions effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2021:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019

Experience Study July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period 30 years, Closed

Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be amortized over

Separate closed 20-year amortization bases

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets

and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30% Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

Phase-in Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate

In accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018

The retiree mortality is a System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

### Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

	Current							
CERS		1% Decrease		Discount Rate	1% Increase			
		5.25%		6.25%	7.25%			
District's proportionate share								
of net pension liability	\$	3,446,873	\$	2,687,521	2,059,175			

### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publically available at https://kyret.ky.gov.

### Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2022, there are no payables to CERS.

### NOTE F – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The District's employees participate in retirement systems of either TRS or CERS as described earlier. The following describes the other postemployment benefits for both systems.

### TRS - General Information about the OPEB Plans

### Health Insurance Trust (Medical Insurance Fund)

### Plan description

In addition to the retirement annuity plan as described earlier, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide postemployment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Health Insurance Trust is funded by employer and member contributions. Changes made to the medical plans provided through the trust may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Medical coverage through TRS is funded by a combination of contributions from employees, the state and other employers. Coverage is provided through an account established pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 401(h) and 115 trust fund that went into effect on July 1, 2010. The insurance trust fund includes employer and retired member contributions required under KRS 161.550 and KRS 161.675(4) (b).

### **Benefits provided**

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability and a required amount of service credit. The TRS medical plan offers members who are not eligible for Medicare and under age 65 coverage through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan (KEHP) administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are eligible for Medicare, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan (MEHP) administered by TRS.

#### **Contributions**

Contributions are made on behalf of TRS retired members toward payment of health insurance premiums. The amount of the member's contribution is based on a table approved by the TRS board. Retired members pay premiums in excess of the monthly contribution. The Commonwealth of Kentucky bears risk for excess claims expenses that exceed the premium equivalents charged for the KEHP. The member postemployment medical contribution is 3.75% of salary. The employer postemployment medical contribution is 0.75% of member salaries. Also, employers contribute 3% of members' salaries and the state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for new retirees after June 30, 2010, in the non-Medicare eligible group.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

The District reported a liability of \$1,143,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (NOL). The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportion was .053275%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District as follows:

MIF	
District's proportionate share of TRS net OPEB liability	\$ 1,143,000
State's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	 928,000
	\$ 2,071,000

The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following.

MIE		Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of
MIF	_	Resources	_	Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	-	\$	680,000
Changes of assumptions		299,000		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		-		122,000
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		155,000		55,000
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	_	94,551	_	<u> </u>
	\$_	548,551	\$_	857,000

The \$94,551 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

	_	Year Ended June 30,
Year 1	\$	(103,000)
Year 2		(104,000)
Year 3		(103,000)
Year 4		(97,000)
Year 5		(10,000)
Thereafter	_	14,000
	\$_	(403,000)

### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Period Level percentage of payroll

Amortization Method 21 years, closed

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market value

Inflation 3%
Real Wage Growth 0.5%
Wage Inflation 3.5%

Salary Increase 3.5 to 7.2%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 8.0%

Health Care Cost Trends

KEHP Group 7.25% at June 30, 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5% by June 30,

2029

MEHP Group 5.25% at June 30, 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5% by June 30,

2022

Medicare Part B Premiums 6.49% at June 30, 2020 with an ultimate rate of 5% by June 30, 2031

KEHP Group Claims The current KEHP premium is used as the base cost and is projected

Forward using only the health care trend assumption (no implicit rate

Subsidy is recognized).

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the system, which covered the five year period ending June 30, 2015.

The remaining actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation of the health trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019, valuation. The health care cost trend rate assumption was updated for the June 30, 2019, valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the total OPEB liability (TOL) roll forward while the change in initial per capital claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20 year Municipal Bond index pushed weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

### **Target Allocations**

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension

plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		30 Year Expected
	Target Allocation	Geometric Real Rate
Asset Class	Percentage	of Return
Global Equity	58.00	5.40
Fixed Income	9.00	0.00
Real Estate	6.50	4.30
Private Equity	8.50	7.70
Additional Categories	17.00	2.50
Cash	1.00	(0.50)
Total	100.00	

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the TOL as of the measurement date was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.
- The pre-65 retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010, were assumed to be paid by either the state or the retirees themselves.
- As administrative expenses, other than the administrative fee of \$7.44 per member per month (PMPM) paid to KEHP by TRS, were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.
- Future contributions to the Health Insurance Trust were based upon the contribution rates defined in statute and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1)(c).3 and 161.550(5), when the health trust achieves a sufficient funded status, as determined by TRS's actuary, the following health trust statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:
  - Employee Contributions
  - Employer Contributions
  - State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30, 2010

To reflect these adjustments, open group projections were used and assumed an equal, pro rata reduction to the current statutory amount in the years if the health trust is projected to achieve a funded ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions

equal to the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the Health Trust's funding policy. As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675(4)(b).

- In developing the adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years the following was assumed:
  - Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
  - For the purposes of developing estimates for new entrants, active headcounts were assumed to remain flat for all future years.

Based on these assumptions, the Health Insurance Trust's fiduciary net position (FNP) was <u>not</u> projected to be depleted.

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, and what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current discount rate:

MIF	1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		6.10%		7.10%		8.10%
District's proportionate share						
of net OPEB liability	\$	1,463,000	\$	1,143,000	\$	878,000

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

MIF	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share			
of net OPEB liability	\$ 830,000	\$ 1,143,000	\$ 1,532,000

### Life Insurance Trust

### Plan description and benefits provided

TRS administers the Life Insurance Trust as provided by KRS 161.655 to provide life insurance benefits to retired and active members. The benefit is financed by actuarially determined contributions from the 207 participating employers. The benefit is \$5,000 for members who are retired for service or disability, and \$2,000 for active contribution members.

Note: Members employed on a substitute or part-time basis and working at least 69% of a full contract year in a single fiscal year will be eligible for a life insurance benefit for the balance of the fiscal year or the immediately succeeding fiscal year under certain conditions. For non-vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, the life insurance benefit is provided if death occurs as the result of a physical injury on the job. For vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, death does not have to be the result of a physical injury on the job for life insurance benefits to be provided.

### **Contributions**

In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

### **Net OPEB Liability**

The District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District as follows:

### LIF

State's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB liability associated with the District \$ 12,000

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation is shown below.

Valuation Date June 30, 2017 Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll

Amortization Period 27 years, Closed

Asset Valuation Method 5-vear smoothed value

Inflation 3%
Real Wage Growth 0.5%
Wage Inflation 3.5%

Salary Increase 3.5 to 7.20%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 7.5%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the system, which covered the five year period ending June 30, 2015.

The remaining actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation of the health trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019, valuation. The health care cost trend rate assumption was updated for the June 30, 2019, valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the total OPEB liability (TOL) roll forward while the change in initial per capital claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20 year Municipal Bond index pushed weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

### **Target Allocations**

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table.

Asset Class	Target Allocation Percentage	Expected Geometric Real Rate Percentage of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0	4.6
International Equity	23.0	5.6
Fixed Income	18.0	
Real Estate	6.0	4.3
Private Equity	5.0	7.7
Other Additional Categories	6.0	2.5
Cash	2.0	(0.5)
	100.0	

As the Life Trust investment policy is to change, the above reflects the pension allocation and returns that achieve the targeted 8.00% long-term rate of return.

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability (TOL) as of the measurement date was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of the life insurance cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.5%.
- The employer will contribute the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) in accordance with the Life Insurance Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applies.
- As administrative expenses were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.

- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the Life Insurance Trust's fiduciary net position (FNP) was <u>not</u> projected to be depleted.

### **Revenue or Expenses for TRS OPEB plans**

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB revenue in the amount of \$134,628 for support provided on-behalf of the State.

### **CERS – General Information about the OPEB Plans**

### Employees' Health Plan

### Plan description

CERS Non-hazardous Insurance Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) plan. The plan covers all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of the school board. The plan provides for health insurance benefits to plan members. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

### **Benefits provided**

The Plan provides health insurance benefits to plan members.

### **Contributions**

Requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above. Current employees pay 1% toward the insurance fund.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

The District reported a liability of \$806,788 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability which is .042142%.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and OPEB Expense included in the Schedules of OPEB Amounts include only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The Schedules of OPEB Amounts do not include deferred outflow/inflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contributions or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021, is based on the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation rolled forward. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are amortized over a closed five-year period. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$8,031. The District

reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources.

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>-</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	126,868	\$	240,880
Changes of assumptions		213,895		750
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		40,648		166,859
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		1,294		33,864
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	_	51,369	_	
	\$ _	434,074	\$	442,353

The \$51,369 (includes \$26,547 Implicit Subsidy) reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows.

	_	Year Ended June 30,
Year 1	\$	9,942
Year 2		(9,212)
Year 3		(9,611)
Year 4	_	(50,767)
	\$_	(59,648)

*Implicit Employer Subsidy*- The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. GASB 74 and 75 requires that the liability associated with this implicit subsidy be included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

### **Changes of Benefit Terms**

None

# Actuarial Methods and Assumptions to Determine the Total OPEB Liability and the Net OPEB Liability

For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, was performed by Gabriel Roeder Smith (GRA). The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2021, were based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2020) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, using the generally accepted actuarial principles.

The following actuarial assumptions were used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021:

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30 - 10.3%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25% Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65) Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023, and

Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05

Over period of 13 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65) Initial trend starting at 6.30% in 2023 then

Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

Over period of 13 years.

Mortality Pre-retirement PUB-2010 General Mortality table, projected with the ultimate

Rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a

Base year of 2010

Mortality Post-retirement

(non-disabled) System-specific mortality table based on mortality

Experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate Rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a

Base year of 2019

Mortality Post-retirement

(disabled) PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-

Forward for both male and female rates, projected with

The ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality Improvement scale using a base year of 2010

The single discount tables used to calculate the total OPEB liability within each plan changed since the prior year. The assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, was reviewed during the June 30, 2020 valuation process and was updated to better reflect the plan's anticipated long-term healthcare costs.

Senate Bill 249 passed during the 2020 legislative session and changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20 year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of the Total OPEB Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020.

Senate Bill 169 passed during the 2021 legislative session and increased the disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become "totally and permanently disabled" in the line of duty or as a result of duty-related disability. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021, is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

### **Discount rate**

Single discount rates of 5.20% were used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021. The single discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 1.92%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2021. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, the plan's fiduciary net position on future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the plans actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plans trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding future employer contributions made each year. Future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in each insurance plan contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy, as most recently revised by House Bill 8, passed during the 2021 legislative session.in accordance with the current funding policy, as most recently revised by Senate Bill 249, passed during the 2020 legislative session. The assumed future employer contributions reflect the provisions of House Bill 362 (passed during the 2018 legislative session) which limit the increases to the employer contribution rates to 12% over the prior fiscal year through June 30, 2028.

If there is a pattern of legislation that has a resulting effect of employers making contributions less than the actuarially determined rate, GRS may be required to project contributions that are reflective of recent actual contribution efforts regardless of the stated funding policy (as required by paragraph 50 of GASB Statement No. 74).

The following table presents the Net OPEB Liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.20%, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.20%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.20%) than the current rate:

	Current						
CERS	1% Decrease			<b>Discount Rate</b>		1% Increase	
		4.20%		5.20%		6.20%	
District's proportionate share							
of net OPEB liability	\$	1,107,713	\$	806,788	\$	559,828	

### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions used to determine the Actuarial Determined Contribution for the Fiscal Year 2021

The following actuarial assumptions were used in performing the actuarially determined contributions effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2021:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019

Experience Study July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal Amortization Method Level percent of pay

Remaining Amortization Period 25 years, closed period at June 30, 2019, Gains/losses incurring

After 2019 will be amortized over separate closed 20-year

amortization bases

Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets

And the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience

From 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 Mortality Improvement scale using a base year of 2019

Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65) Initial trend starting at 6.25% at January 1, 2021, and

Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

Over period of 13 years. The 2020 premiums were known at the time of the valuation and were incorporated into the liability

measurement.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65) Initial trend starting at 5.50% at January 1, 2020, and

Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

Over period of 14 years. The 2020 premiums were known at the time of the valuation and were incorporated into the liability

measurement.

Phase-in Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially

Determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in

2018.

### **Health Care Trend Rate Sensitivity**

The following presents the health care sensitivity rate of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.2%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.2%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.2%) than the current rate:

CERS	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share			
of net OPEB liability	\$ 580,791	\$ 806,788	\$ 1,079,569

### **OPEB** plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

### **NOTE G – COMMITMENTS**

The District has commitments for construction projects of \$399,426 as of June 30, 2022.

### **NOTE H - CONTINGENCIES**

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local governmental agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and un-reimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their program.

### **NOTE I - LITIGATION**

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation and has been turned over to the District's insurance companies. At this time, it appears they are to be paid by insurance coverage.

### NOTE J – INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, illegal acts, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated which include Workers' Compensation insurance.

### NOTE K – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to illegal acts, torts, theft/damage/destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omission, and general liability coverage, the District purchased commercial insurance policies.

### **NOTE L - COBRA**

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

### **NOTE M – TRANSFER OF FUNDS**

The following transfers were made during the year:

<u>Type</u>	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Operations	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	KETS Matching	\$ 13,008
Debt Service	<b>Building Fund</b>	and General Fund Debt Payments		66,166
Debt Service	Capital Outlay	General Fund	Debt Payments	45,486
Debt Service	Building Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Payments	223,710
Construction	Capital Outlay	Construction Fund	Capital Projects	\$ 16,458

### NOTE N – DEFICIT FUND AND OPERATING BALANCES

For fiscal year 2022, the following funds had a deficit change in fund balance/net position and/or deficit fund balance/net position:

<u>Fund</u>	Change in Net Position/ Net Change in Fund Balance	Fund Balance/ Net Position
Governmental Activities	\$ -	\$ (2,478,767)
General Fund	(285,587)	-
Special Revenue	(418)	-
Construction	\$ (283,534)	-

### **NOTE O – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS**

For fiscal year 2022, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed estimated payments on behalf of the District as follows:

Plan/Description	<u>Amount</u>
Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (GASB 68 & 75)	\$ 1,137,766
Health Insurance	894,604
Life Insurance	1,489
Administrative Fee	11,860
HRA/Dental/Vision	63,613
Federal Reimbursement	(152,979)
Technology	64,453
KISTA Debt Service Payments	-
SFCC Debt Service Payments	426,139
Total	\$ 2,446,945

These amounts are included in the financial statements as state revenue and an expense allocated to the different functions in the same proportion as full-time employees.

### NOTE P - RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

The following funds had restricted fund balances.

<u>Fund</u>	Amount	<u>Purpose</u>
Special Revenue	\$ 151,944	Scholarships
FSPK	283,065	SFCC Requirements
Construction	23,641	Future Construction Projects
School Food Service	3,208	School Food Service Operations
Debt Service	1,422,550	Debt Service Payments
Student Activity	\$ 82,499	Student Activities

### **NOTE Q - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT**

The District previously reported an ending fund balance in general fund of \$649,592 and special revenue fund of \$152,350. A transfer of \$12 from general fund to special revenue fund was recorded incorrectly in the prior period. A prior period adjustment was made for each fund to correct this, restating the ending fund balance as \$649,580 for general fund and \$152,362 for special revenue fund.

### **NOTE R – UNCERTAINTY**

The COVID-19 outbreak is disrupting business across a range of industries in the United States and financial markets have experienced a significant decline. As a result, local, regional and national economies, including that of the District, may be adversely impacted. The extent of the financial impact of COVID-19 will depend on future developments, including the duration and spread, which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. Due to the uncertainties surrounding the outbreak, management cannot presently estimate the potential impact on the District's operations and finances.

### **NOTE S – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The District has evaluated subsequent events through November 15, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CERS and TRS

For the year ended June 30, 2022

COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS):	F	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)	Year (Measurement Date) 2017 (2016)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2016 (2015)
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability		0.042152%	0.042444%	0.04215%	0.04420%	0.04492%	0.051845%	0.04565%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,687,521 \$	3,255,420 \$	2,964,077 \$	2,692,037 \$	2,629,364 \$	2,552,653 \$	1,962,625
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	_							
Total	\$	2,687,521 \$	3,255,420 \$	2,964,077 \$	2,692,037 \$	2,629,364 \$	2,552,653 \$	1,962,625
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,117,967 \$	1,088,794 \$	1,093,318 \$	1,095,537 \$	1,107,002 \$	1,126,529 \$	1,065,018
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		240.39%	298.99%	271.11%	245.73%	237.52%	226.59%	184.28%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		57.33%	47.81%	50.54%	53.54%	53.30%	59.00%	59.97%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TRS):								
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability		0.1020%	0.0927%	0.095%	0.100%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	_	13,267,807	13,137,816	12,946,393	13,105,802	25,401,286	29,966,800	22,698,550
Total	\$_	13,267,807 \$	13,137,816 \$	12,946,393 \$	13,105,802 \$	25,401,286 \$	29,966,800 \$	22,698,550
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,897,390 \$	3,044,885 \$	3,170,849 \$	3,292,379 \$	3,109,401 \$	3,240,354 \$	3,054,686
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		65.59%	58.27%	58.80%	59.30%	39.80%	35.22%	42.29%

**Note:** Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

#### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS CERS and TRS

For the year ended June 30, 2022

		2022		2021	_	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS):														
Contractually required contribution	\$	404,621	\$	251,164	\$	249,135	\$	223,588	\$	210,124	\$	204,308	\$	192,194
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions		404,621		251,164	_	249,135	_	223,588	_	210,124	_	204,308		192,194
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_		_		=		_		_		_		_	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,507,432	\$	1,117,967	\$	1,088,794	\$	1,093,318	\$	1,095,537	\$	1,107,002	\$	1,126,529
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		26.84%		22.47%		22.88%		20.45%		19.18%		18.46%		17.06%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TRS):														
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions			_		_		_		_		_		_	<u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-	_	<u>-</u>	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	<u>-</u>	_	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,049,695	\$	2,897,390	\$	3,044,885	\$	3,170,849	\$	3,292,379	\$	3,109,401	\$	3,240,354
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

**Note:** Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSION

For the year ended June 30, 2022

### **Teachers Retirement System (TRS)**

### **Retirement Annuity Trust**

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of assumptions

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investments rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to, the calculation of the SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent.

### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of June 30 on the three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule.

A summary of the actuarial assumptions of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Inflation Rate

Single Equivalent Interest Rate

Municipal Bond Index Rate

June 30, 2020

Entry age

2.5%

7.10%

2.13%

Projected Salary Increase 3.0-7.5%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.10%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation.

### **County Employee Retirement System (CERS)**

### Non-Hazardous

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of assumptions

None.

# PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSION

For the year ended June 30, 2022

### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Based on the actuarial valuation report, the actuarial methods and assumptions used to calculate the contribution rates are as follows.

Valuation Date June 30, 2020

Inflation 2.30% Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2022

		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	•	0.053275%	0.048823%	0.05125%	0.05125%	0.04900%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	1,143,000 \$	1,232,000 \$	1,465,000 \$	1,778,000 \$	1,761,000
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	,	928,000	987,000	1,183,000	1,532,000	1,439,000
Total	\$	2,071,000 \$	2,219,000 \$	2,648,000 \$	3,310,000 \$	3,200,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,897,390 \$	3,044,885 \$	3,170,849 \$	3,292,379 \$	3,109,401
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		39.45%	40.46%	46.20%	54.00%	56.63%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		39.05%	39.10%	32.60%	25.50%	21.20%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)		0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	•	12,000	30,000	27,000	26,000	19,000
Total	\$	12,000 \$	30,000 \$	27,000 \$	26,000 \$	19,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,897,390 \$	3,044,885 \$	3,170,849 \$	3,292,379 \$	3,109,401
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		71.57%	71.60%	73.40%	75.00%	80.00%

**Note:** Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

#### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2022

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contributior	\$	94,551	\$	86,923	\$	83,198	\$	87,137	\$	91,286
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		94,551	_	86,923	_	83,198		87,137		91,286
Contribution deficiency (excess;	_	-	_		_		_	-	_	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,049,695	\$	2,897,390	\$	3,044,885	\$	3,170,849	\$	3,292,379
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		2.33%		3.00%		2.73%		2.75%		2.77%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN							_		_	
Contractually required contributior	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		-	_		_			-	. <u>-</u>	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-	_		_		_	-		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,049,695	\$	2,897,390	\$	3,044,885	\$	3,170,849	\$	3,292,379
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payrol		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

 $\label{eq:Note:Note:Schedule} \textbf{Note:} \ \ \text{Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years.} \ \ \text{Additional years will be displayed as they become available.} \ \ \text{Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30}$ 

### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

### Year ended June 30, 2022

HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021) 0.042142%	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020) 0.042432%	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019) 0.04213%	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018) 0.04420%	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017) 0.04492%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	806,788	1,024,604	\$ 708,675 \$	784,762 \$	903,066
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	-					
Total	\$	806,788	1,024,604	\$\$	784,762 \$	903,066
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,117,967	1,088,794	\$ 1,093,318 \$	1,095,537 \$	1,107,002
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		72.17%	94.10%	64.82%	71.63%	81.58%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		62.91%	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	13.00%

**Note:** Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

Note: Information was not provided from prior year audit report to present comparative schedule.

#### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2022

	 2022		2021	2020	2019	_	2018		
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$ 51,369	\$	40,554	\$	27,667	\$	23,835	\$	23,835
Contributions in relation to the contractually	 51,369		40,554	_	27,667	_	23,835	_	23,835
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 -	. <u>-</u>	-		-	_	-	_	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,507,432	\$	1,117,967	\$	1,088,794	\$	1,093,318	\$	1,095,537
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	3.41%		3.63%		2.54%		2.18%		2.18%

**Note:** Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

Note: Information was not provided from prior year audit report to present comparative schedule.

### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022

### **Teachers Retirement System (TRS)**

### **Health Insurance Trust**

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of Assumptions

Updated Health Care Cost Trend Rates

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of June 30, 2019. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Period Level percentage of payroll

Amortization Method 21 years, closed

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market value

Inflation3%Real Wage Growth0.5%Wage Inflation3.5%

Salary Increase 3.5 to 7.2%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 8.0%

Health Care Cost Trends

KEHP Group 7.25% at June 30, 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5% by June 30,

2029

MEHP Group 5.25% at June 30, 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5% by June 30,

2022

Medicare Part B Premiums 6.49% at June 30, 2020 with an ultimate rate of 5% by June 30, 2031

KEHP Group Claims The current KEHP premium is used as the base cost and is projected

Forward using only the health care trend assumption (no implicit rate

Subsidy is recognized).

### **Life Insurance Trust**

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of Assumptions

None.

### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022

### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule.

Valuation Date June 30, 2017 Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll

Amortization Period 27 years, Closed

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed value

Inflation 3%
Real Wage Growth 0.5%
Wage Inflation 3.5%

Salary Increase 3.5 to 7.20%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 7.5%

### **County Employee Retirement System (CERS)**

### **Employees' Health Plan**

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of Assumptions

The single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability decreased from 5.34% to 5.20%. Additional information regarding the single discount rates is provided in Section 1 of this report. The assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, was reviewed during the June 30, 2020 valuation process and was updated to better reflect the plans' anticipated long-term healthcare cost increases. In general, the updated assumption is assuming higher future increases in healthcare costs. There were no other material assumption changes.

### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The following actuarial assumptions were used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021:

### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30 - 10.3%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25% Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65) Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023, and

Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05

Over period of 13 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65)

Initial trend starting at 6.30% in 2023 then

Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

Over period of 13 years.

Mortality Pre-retirement PUB-2010 General Mortality table, projected with the

Ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement

scale using a base year of 2010

Mortality Post-retirement

(non-disabled) System-specific mortality table based on mortality

Experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate Rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using

a base year of 2019

Mortality Post-retirement

(disabled) PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-

Forward for both male and female rates, projected with

The ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality Improvement scale using a base year of 2010

#### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

#### **Other Governmental Funds**

Assets	_	Construction	· <u>-</u>	Capital Outlay		Special Revenue Student Activity	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	23,641	\$_		\$	82,499	\$ 106,140
Total assets	=	23,641	=		;	82,499	106,140
Fund Balances Restricted	_	23,641	_			82,499	106,140
Total fund balance	\$ _	23,641	\$_	_	\$	82,499	\$ 106,140

#### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2022

#### **Other Governmental Funds**

	=							
	_	Construction		Capital Outlay	_	Special Revenue Student Activity		Total
Revenues								
Intergovernmental - state Student activities	\$	-	\$_	61,944	\$	- 280,449	\$	61,944 280,449
Total revenues	-	<u>-</u>	_	61,944	-	280,449	•	342,393
Expenditures								
Instruction						279,140		279,140
Site improvement		1,240				,		1,240
Building improvements	_	298,752	_		_			298,752
Total expenditures	-	299,992	_		-	279,140	•	579,132
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(299,992)		61,944		1,309		(236,739)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers (out)		16,458		(61,944)	_			16,458 (61,944)
Total other financing sources (uses)		16,458		(61,944)	_			(45,486)
Total other linalicing sources (uses)	-	10,430	-	(01,944)		<u>-</u>		(43,400)
Net change in fund balances		(283,534)		-		1,309		(282,225)
Fund Balance beginning	-	307,175	_		-	81,190		388,365
Fund Balance ending	\$	23,641	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$	82,499	\$	106,140

# PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Combining Balance Sheet - School Activity Funds June 30, 2022

#### **SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS PARIS PARIS PARIS INDEPENDENT INDEPENDENT INDEPENDENT HIGH SCHOOL MIDDLE SCHOOL ELEMENTARY TOTAL ASSETS** Cash and cash equivalents 40,334 \$ 13,445 \$ 28,720 \$ 82,499 Total assets 40,334 13,445 28,720 82,499 **FUND BALANCE** School activities 40,334 82,499 13,445 28,720 Total fund balance 40,334 \$ 13,445 \$ 28,720 \$ 82,499

#### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance -School Activity Funds Year ended June 30, 2022

### SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

	_	PARIS INDEPENDENT HIGH SCHOOL	PARIS INDEPENDENT MIDDLE SCHOOL	PARIS INDEPENDENT ELEMENTARY	·	TOTALS
REVENUES						
Student revenues	\$_	224,218 \$	21,409 \$	34,822	\$	280,449
Total revenues	_	224,218	21,409	34,822	_	280,449
EXPENDITURES						
Student activities		224,622	24,413	30,105		279,140
Total expenditures	_	224,622	24,413	30,105	_	279,140
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES		(404)	(3,004)	4,717		1,309
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	40,738	16,449	24,003	. <u>—</u>	81,190
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$_	40,334 \$	13,445 \$	28,720	\$	82,499

## PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance - Paris Independent High School Year ended June 30, 2022

	FUND BALANCE BEGINNING	REVENUES	EXPENSES	TRANSFERS	FUND BALANCE ENDING
BASEBALL TEAM	\$ - \$	20,380 \$	15,215 \$	(3,685) \$	1,480
BOYS BASKETBALL	252	10,519	8,833	(563)	1,374
FOOTBALL	<del>-</del>	13,413	13,891	478	0
10TH REGION COACHES	2,128	1,200	797	(2,500)	31
GIRLS TRACK	1,407	200	2,311	847	143
GIRLS BASKETBALL GOLF	1,006	15,561	10,754	(2,155)	3,659
TENNIS	577 500	525 125	1,102 638	13	- 0
GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL SOCCER	- -	5,566	2,678	(2,633)	255
BOWLING	<u>-</u>	3,550	488	100	3,162
UNIFIED TRACK TEAM		314	318	4	(0)
BOYS TRACK		500	1,812	1,853	541
10TH RGION COACHES - GIRLS	<del>-</del>	1,283	-	-	1,283
ALTHLETIC FEES	-	162	-	(70)	92
SOFTBALL TEAM	872	47,436	48,059	670	920
PMS SOFTBALL	336	1,547	(150)	(2,033)	(0)
BOYS HIGH SCHOOL SOCCER	- 39	2,277	1,531	(625)	120
CROSS COUNTRY CONCESSIONS	39	4,950 2,863	2,203 522	(1,900) (2,276)	886 65
ESPORTS	608	762	1,229	132	273
VOLLEYBALL	100	-	-	-	100
BUS DRIVER FUEL	-	=	=		-
DISTRICT TOURNAMENT	<del>-</del>	-	-		-
PRINCIPAL ACCOUNT	593	6,137	7,426	1,384	688
COUNSELOR'S FUND	23	-	-		23
BILL ARNSPARGER MEMORIAL	1,000	2,000	1,000		2,000
ZAMONADE SCHOLARSHIP	-	=	-		4.540
CARY BARR SPORTSMAN SCH LIBRARY (BOOK FAIR)	2,493 33	-	950		1,543 33
CHROME BOOK REPAIR	3,192	70	- 550	(1,436)	1,276
ANN MITCHELL SCHOLARSHIP	-	70	-	(1,400)	1,210
GLOBAL GATEWAY AWARD	126	-	-		126
CLASS OF 1967	2,688	312	3,000		0
J.K.G. FUND	260	3,154	2,212		1,202
PROM	1,515	2,913	2,724		1,704
CLASS OF 2020	<del>-</del>		-		-
ACADEMIC TEAM	51	-	-		51
BETA CLUB	420 3	700 2,010	266 1,797		854 216
ACADEMY OF HEALTH AND SCIENCE CHEERLEADERS	2,490	936	3,024		402
BAND	3,088	14,656	18,188	3,983	3,539
STUDENT GOVERNMENT	453	-	290	0,000	163
KEY CLUB	796	322	403		715
YEARBOOK	-	-	-	69	69
STLP FUND	68	-	-		68
CULINARY	701	700	471	200	1,130
ARTS	928	1,700	1,904	(507)	724
SOFTBALL TRIP	566	=	=	(567)	(1)
CLASS OF 2023 NATIONAL HONOR SOCIETY	103 593	- 1,215	- 719		103 1,089
ARCHERY	851	1,215	-		851
BAND TRIP	-	479.00	_		479
F.F.A.	2,545	3,483	3,479	(200)	2,349
FAMILY RESOURCE	1,304	500	520	,	1,284
CLASS OF 2022	876	616	1,449		43
SENIOR TRIP	-	41,867	41,184	(683)	0
DISASTER RELIEF	500	=	-		500
MASK	-	0.000	0.540	(0.700)	-
FURNWOOD FARMS C6 BLESSINGS-FRYSC	4,654	2,360	3,542 875	(2,700)	771 1 125
PATHFINDER AWARD (NORRIS)	- -	2,000 1,000	875 168		1,125 832
START-UP CASH	- -	1,150	1,250	100	-
OFFICIALS	- -	806	15,000	14,194	-
			,	, -	
				<u> </u>	_
Totals	\$ 40,738 \$	224,218 \$	224,623 \$	<u> </u>	40,334

## PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipents	Program or Award Amount	Expenditures
US Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education					
School Breakfast Program	10.553				
Fiscal Year 21 Fiscal Year 22		7760005 21 7760005 22	\$ - \$	N/A S	23,598 101,854
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7700003 22	_	IN/A	101,004
Fiscal Year 21		7750002 21	-	N/A	67,560
Fiscal Year 22 Fiscal Year 22		7750002 22 9980000 22	-	N/A N/A	273,371 23,580
Fiscal Year 21		7970000 21	-	N/A	26,193
Summer Food Service Program for Children Fiscal Year 21	10.559	7690024 21		N/A	3,905
Fiscal Year 21 Child Nutrition Cluster Subtotal		7740023 21	-	N/A	38,048 558,110
Supper Program	10.558				
Fiscal Year 21	10.000	7790021 21	-	N/A	390
Fiscal Year 22		7790021 22	-	N/A	4,539 4,929
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture					4,323
Food Donation-Commodities	10.565				
Fiscal Year 20		510.4950	-	N/A	16,708
Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer Administrative Costs	10.649				
Fiscal Year 21		9990000 21	-	N/A	614
Total US Department of Agriculture					580,360
US Department of Education					
Passed Through State Department of Education  Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A				
Fiscal Year 21		3100002 20	-	372,422	58,505
Fiscal Year 22		3100002 21	-	368,743	301,547
	04.0074				360,053
Special Education Grants to States Fiscal Year 20	84.027A	3810002 19	_	161,511	3,587
Fiscal Year 22		3810002 21	-	171,531	167,003
COVID-19- ARP Individuals with Disabilities Education Act	84.027X				
Fiscal Year 22 Special Education-Preschool Grants	84.173A	4910002-21	-	40,793	40,793
Fiscal Year 21	04.173A	3800002 20	-	11,673	4,637
Fiscal Year 22		3800002 21	-	11,728	8,536
Special Education Cluster Subtotal					224,557
English Languarage Acquisition State Grants Fiscal Year 22	84.365	3300002 21	-	4,806	4,806
Title IV Part A	84.424				
Fiscal Year 21	04.424	3420002 20	_	27,044	11,828
Fiscal Year 22		3420002 21	-	27,044	27,400
Perkins	84.048				39,228
Fiscal Year 22	01.010	3710002 21	-	6,498	6,498
21st Century	84.287				
Fiscal Year 21		3400002 21	-	100,000	95,433
Teacher Quality	84.367A				
Fiscal Year 20 Fiscal Year 21		3230002 20 3230002 21	-	46,623 159,861	39,616 159,861
riodi rodi Zi		0200002 21		100,001	199,477
Rural Education	84.358	0440000 04		44.770	0.000
Fiscal Year 22		3140002 21	-	14,779	2,936
Striving Readers Comprehensive Literacy Grant	84.371C				
Fiscal Year 20		3220002 19	-	190,000	26,662
* CARES Act Educational Stabilization Fund GEER-COVID-19	84.425C				
Fiscal Year 20		4000002 20	-	50,000	50,000
* COVID-19- CARES Act Educational Stabilization Fund ESSER	84.425D	4000002 20		007	007
Fiscal Year 20 Fiscal Year 21		4000003 20 4000002 21	-	807 1,246,893	807 1,106,854
* COVID-19- ARP ESSER	84.425U				
FY21 ARP Emergency Relief Fund		4300002-21	-	2,688,110	1,357,884 2,515,546
Total US Department of Education					3,475,194
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					
ARPA Child Care Sustainment	93.575	562IP		75,000	67 470
			-	75.000	67,473
Fiscal Year 22		30211		-,	
		30211			\$ 4,123,027

## PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended June 30, 2022

#### **NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Paris Independent School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Paris Independent School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

#### **NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represents adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### NOTE C - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District received food commodities totaling \$16,708.

#### **NOTE D – INDIRECT COST RATE**

The Paris Independent School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Paris Independent School District Paris, Kentucky

And the State Committee for School District Audits

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit /Contract and requirements, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Paris Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Paris Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2022.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Paris Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Paris Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Paris Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Paris Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an

opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Paris Independent School District in a separate letter dated November 15, 2022.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, Kentucky November 15, 2022



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the Paris Independent School District Paris, Kentucky

And the State Committee for School District Audits

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Paris Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Paris Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Paris Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Paris Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts" Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Paris Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Paris Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Paris Independent School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Paris Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Paris Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Paris Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Paris Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Paris Independent School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

### White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, Kentucky November 15, 2022

## PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the year ended June 30, 2022

#### **SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

What type of report was issued for the financial statements?	Unmodified
Were there significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed? If so, was any significant deficiencies material (GAGAS)?	None reported N/A
Was any material noncompliance reported (GAGAS)?	No
Were there material weaknesses in internal control disclosed for major programs?	No
Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed that were not considered to be material weaknesses?	None reported
What type of report was issued on compliance for major programs?	Unmodified
Did the audit disclose findings as it relates to major programs that Is required to be reported as described in the Uniform Guidance?	No
Major Programs Educational Stabilization Fund [CFDA 84.425C, 84	4.425D, 84.425U]
Dollar threshold of Type A and B programs	\$750,000
Low risk auditee?	Yes

#### FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No findings at the financial statement level.

### FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

No findings at the major federal award programs level.

## PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDISNGS

For the year ended June 30, 2022

There were no prior year findings.

White & Hssociates, PSC
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### MANAGEMENT LETTER POINTS

Paris Independent School District Paris, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Paris Independent School District for the year ended June 30, 2022, we considered the District's internal controls in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

We previously reported on the District's internal control in our report dated November 15, 2022. This letter does not affect our report dated November 15, 2022, on the financial statements of the Paris Independent School District. The following schools did not have any conditions noted:

#### PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOLS

No conditions

All, if any, prior year conditions have been implemented and corrected. Stephen McCauley, Superintendent is the person responsible for initiation of any corrective action plan. The corrective action plan is the management response for each condition, if any.

To help the district continue to provide quality financial statements we have highlighted a few immaterial items that we documented that need no management response. The district is encouraged to budget state on-behalf payments and to make sure the posting of federal on-behalf payments have been recorded, determine each reporting period the cash reconciliation is balanced, and ensure all expenditures have the proper supporting documentation before payment and a purchase order has been authorized before any purchase.

We would like to thank the Finance Officer, Mirabeth Muth and her department for their support and assistance during our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, and others within the district and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

White & Associates, PSC

White & Associates, PSC Richmond, Kentucky November 15, 2022